

TABLE L4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, local government, 2013

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ⁴							
			Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips			
			Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall
Local government ^{6,7}		180,130	27,130	15,120	8,630	2,010	51,160	7,570	33,380	9,180
Goods producing ⁶		2,640	560	320	180	40	840	70	490	280
Construction		2,620	550	310	180	40	840	70	490	280
Construction	23	2,620	550	310	180	40	840	70	490	280
Heavy and civil engineering construction	237	2,580	550	310	180	40	820	60	480	280
Service providing		177,500	26,570	14,800	8,450	1,970	50,320	7,500	32,890	8,910
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸		15,380	2,790	1,390	1,040	160	2,870	390	1,970	480
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	48-49	9,490	1,850	690	930	100	1,590	190	1,040	340
Transit and ground passenger transportation	485	7,800	1,510	470	840	100	1,260	150	810	290
Utilities	22	–	940	700	110	60	1,280	200	920	140
Utilities	221	–	940	700	110	60	1,280	200	920	140
Education and health services		70,100	11,070	6,920	2,780	880	25,950	3,600	18,860	3,120
Educational services	61	59,230	9,490	5,980	2,400	690	23,200	3,470	16,700	2,700
Educational services	611	59,230	9,490	5,980	2,400	690	23,200	3,470	16,700	2,700
Elementary and secondary schools	6111	57,180	9,120	5,750	2,300	670	22,430	3,360	16,140	2,600
Health care and social assistance	62	10,870	1,580	940	380	190	2,750	130	2,160	430
Hospitals	622	7,620	1,100	610	270	150	2,000	100	1,570	300
Nursing and residential care facilities	623	1,950	260	170	60	–	360	20	250	90

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

Industry ²	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ⁴											
	Overexertion and bodily reaction			Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation incidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals				All other events ⁵
	Total	In lifting	Repetitive motion		Total	Roadway incidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person--unintentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related	
Local government ^{6,7}	58,270	16,680	3,430	8,070	10,970	9,350	270	22,780	8,500	12,290	1,880	1,490
Goods producing ⁶	930	240	90	70	200	160	—	—	—	—	—	20
Construction	930	230	90	70	200	160	—	—	—	—	—	20
Construction	930	230	90	70	200	160	—	—	—	—	—	20
Heavy and civil engineering construction	910	230	90	70	200	160	—	—	—	—	—	20
Service providing	57,340	16,440	3,340	8,000	10,770	9,180	260	22,770	8,500	12,290	1,870	1,470
Trade, transportation, and utilities ⁸	5,610	1,300	370	1,370	2,250	2,060	—	420	130	40	240	50
Transportation and warehousing ⁸	2,770	340	210	860	2,050	1,910	—	340	130	40	160	—
Transit and ground passenger transportation	2,010	220	100	690	2,000	1,900	—	320	130	30	160	—
Utilities	—	960	160	510	200	150	—	80	—	—	70	40
Utilities	—	960	160	510	200	150	—	80	—	—	70	40
Education and health services	19,720	6,330	1,180	2,500	1,440	1,140	20	8,320	3,700	4,170	390	1,090
Educational services	15,310	5,090	940	1,960	1,310	1,020	20	6,920	2,900	3,730	240	1,020
Educational services	15,310	5,090	940	1,960	1,310	1,020	20	6,920	2,900	3,730	240	1,020
Elementary and secondary schools	14,660	4,860	890	1,880	1,240	980	20	6,820	2,890	3,660	200	1,020
Health care and social assistance	4,410	1,240	240	540	130	120	—	1,390	800	440	150	70
Hospitals	3,120	910	200	390	60	50	—	940	560	330	50	—
Nursing and residential care facilities	880	240	—	140	—	—	—	300	180	80	30	—

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

Industry ²	NAICS code ³	Total cases	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ⁴							
			Contact with objects				Falls, slips, trips			
			Total	Struck by object	Struck against object	Caught in or compressed or crushed	Total	Fall to lower level	Fall on same level	Slips or trips without fall
Public administration		84,000	11,380	5,840	4,180	760	18,970	3,000	10,520	4,870
Public administration	92	84,000	11,380	5,840	4,180	760	18,970	3,000	10,520	4,870
Justice, public order, and safety activities	922	36,110	3,630	2,080	1,260	120	7,670	1,010	3,810	2,530
Justice, public order, and safety activities	9221	36,110	3,630	2,080	1,260	120	7,670	1,010	3,810	2,530
Police protection	92212	16,560	1,230	740	420	—	3,740	370	1,840	1,300
Fire protection	92216	11,710	1,670	920	640	50	2,400	580	760	1,010

See footnotes at end of table.

TABLE L4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by industry and selected events or exposures leading to injury or illness, local government, 2013 — Continued

Industry ²	Event or exposure leading to injury or illness ⁴											
	Overexertion and bodily reaction			Exposure to harmful substance or environment	Transportation incidents		Fires and explosions	Violence and other injuries by persons or animals				All other events ⁵
	Total	In lifting	Repetitive motion		Total	Roadway incidents		Total	Intentional injury by other person	Injury by person--unintentional or intent unknown	Animal and insect related	
Public administration	28,590	7,290	1,420	3,990	6,780	5,790	220	13,730	4,450	8,060	1,180	330
Public administration	28,590	7,290	1,420	3,990	6,780	5,790	220	13,730	4,450	8,060	1,180	330
Justice, public order, and safety activities	11,610	2,290	450	2,200	3,020	2,630	90	7,750	2,080	5,220	430	140
Justice, public order, and safety activities	11,610	2,290	450	2,200	3,020	2,630	90	7,750	2,080	5,220	430	140
Police protection	3,360	430	200	620	2,220	1,990	—	5,300	1,660	3,330	300	70
Fire protection	6,060	1,360	80	950	390	280	80	140	—	80	60	30

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that resulted in days away from work, some of which also included job transfer or restriction.

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* — United States, 2007.

⁴ Data shown in columns correspond to the following Event codes: Contact with objects, Total = 6; Struck by object = 62; Struck against object = 63; Caught in or compressed or crushed = 64; Falls, slips, trips, Total = 4; Fall to lower level = 43; Fall on same level = 42; Slips or trips without fall = 41; Overexertion and bodily reaction, Total = 7; In lifting = 711; Repetitive motion = 72; Exposure to harmful substance or environment = 5; Transportation accidents, Total = 2; Roadway accident = 26; Fires and explosions = 3; Violence and other injuries by persons or animals, Total = 1; Intentional injury by other person = 111; Injury by person-unintentional or intent unknown = 12; Animal and other insect related = 13; All other events = all remaining codes, including 9999 (Nonclassifiable). These codes are based on the Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System 2.01 developed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

⁵ Includes nonclassifiable responses.

⁶ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁷ Data for Mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*-- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore, estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

Note: Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.